

Dyslexia Myth Buster Activity – Part 1

<p>Many dyslexic individuals will also have difficulties with speed of processing visual (& auditory) information.</p>	<p>Letter reversals are a sign that representations of letters & spellings of words have not been firmly established.</p>	<p>Dyslexia occurs in all countries in the world with written language, including both alphabetic & logographic (symbol-based) languages.</p>	<p>Dyslexia is neurological, but effective intervention generally has a significant positive effect on skills.</p>
<p>It can be complex to identify dyslexia in students for whom English is a foreign language.</p>	<p>Evidence shows that children with dyslexia continue to experience reading problems into adolescence & adulthood.</p>	<p>Research tells us that dyslexia is best characterised as a problem with processing the sounds of language, not a problem with vision.</p>	<p>Letter reversals are common in the early stages of learning to read and write among dyslexic & non-dyslexic children.</p>
<p>MYTH 1 Reversals of letters and words are always a symptom of dyslexia.</p>	<p>MYTH 2 Dyslexia is caused by problems in visual perception.</p>	<p>MYTH 3 If you give them enough time, children will outgrow dyslexia.</p>	<p>MYTH 4 Dyslexia only affects people who speak English.</p>

Dyslexia Myth Buster Activity – Part 2

<p>It is important to consider other SpLDs alongside/in addition to dyslexia.</p>	<p>Dyslexia occurs across a range of intelligence levels.</p>	<p>While some individuals with dyslexia are indeed gifted in other areas, their gifts are likely not caused by their dyslexia.</p>	<p>Visual stress has been found to highly correlated with dyslexia, but can also be present independently.</p>
<p>There is limited evidence that coloured overlays/lenses have any effect on word reading or comprehension.</p>	<p>Difficulties like ADHD or autism can also lead to challenges with literacy.</p>	<p>The neurological basis of cognitive processing difficulties in individuals with dyslexia is separate from IQ.</p>	<p>Not all people with dyslexia show signs of giftedness.</p>
<p>MYTH 5 Because people with dyslexia think differently, their difficulties in reading leads to gifts in other areas.</p>	<p>MYTH 6 Individuals with dyslexia will always benefit from coloured text overlays or lenses.</p>	<p>MYTH 7 Dyslexia is an indicator of someone's intelligence.</p>	<p>MYTH 8 If a child is struggling with literacy, they must be dyslexic.</p>